

MUSINGS ON AN ONLOOKER

"What the government should do is"

How often have you and I heard this expression in the last number of years! And how often has the advice offered been a sure cure for all the ills and misadventures of the community of nations. More particularly we have ever heard a policy advocated in this way that really amounted to a bill of beans?

It seems to be a common failing of the individual to want some larger group of people, be it the village council, the church board, the municipality or the government, provincial or federal to solve all his problems for him and to give him all the benefits without any of the liabilities. We want the governments to do more and more for us, all of which means an increasing cost of government and yet we howl louder and louder as our taxes grow higher. Suppose we glance at a few fundamental facts.

The primary purpose of any government is to administer. By this we mean to do those things which it is community as a whole must undertake. As the problems are so many that they affect all the people in the community and because those things can be done more efficiently by body controlled by a few representatives than they could be accomplished by individuals acting alone. Such government responsibilities as maintaining law and order, of building roads, of providing for educational facilities are largely administrative in nature, and can be done much better by a body of people elected by our representatives than it could be by requiring each man to spend part of his or her time at road building, or policing or school teaching.

Then further we have given modern governments the task of controlling and adjusting our trade and commerce, of providing aid to farmers through experimental stations of providing relief to those unable to support themselves of regulating our banks and railroads and many other business. All these things and many many more are done by the modern government because there is a need for these services and a government elected by the people can best see the need for such vision or provision exists for caring for the various needs.

But all the functions of government are carried on at the instance of the people's elected representatives and all the cost is borne by the people through the various kinds of taxation. The more we demand the government to do, the more it is going to cost the community in direct taxation and in indirect taxation through a higher price for its sugar, boots, automobiles

(Continued on Back Page)

BRING YOUR CAR TO HARRY'S GARAGE

(Sited in Old Olive-Garage Building)

FOR ALL KINDS OF REPAIR WORK

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Harry Woods,

Prop.

B.V.D. SHIRTS

Just Arrived—New Shipment of Latest Patterns in Stripes and Plain Colors with Textcraft Colors.

1.75 and 2.00

Remember—All B.V.D. Shirts are Rigmel Shrink

"Next to Myself I Like B.V.D. Best"

YOU'LL DO BETTER AT THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE RED AND WHITE STORE

This business of thinking up jokes, has got us a little bit daunted. The ones you want we can print, the ones we print aren't wanted.

Colder Weather Coming—Guard Against Colds

TAKE

WAMPOLE'S EXTRACT OF COD LIVER OIL

Per bottle 1.00

FREEZER-FRESH ICE CREAM

THE FAMILY FAVORITE—PER PINT 25c

McKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.F. McKibbin, Pharm. B., Prescription Specialist, CARBON, Alta.

The Carbon Chronicle

VOLUME 18; NUMBER 42.

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16

\$2.00 A YEAR; 5¢ A COPY

FAREWELL PARTY FOR JOHNSTON HART HELD IN CHURCH ANNEX NOV. 12

A farewell party for Johnston Hart, who left this week to join his parents in Nova Scotia, was held in the Carbon United Church annex on Sunday evening, with about 65 guests present. Many old friends were on hand to give Johnston a royal send-off and Messrs. S.N. Wright, Bill White, Jas. Gordon, B.C. Downey and others recalled old times.

All present signed the register containing a personal greeting of appreciation to the Hart family, and the presentation of a silver tray, suitably engraved, was made to them, together with a small purse of money.

LITTLE ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Work has started on the construction of a waiting room at the Carbon skating rink. Bill Harvey is the carpenter in charge, and voluntary labor will be appreciated. Have you any spare time?

Word was received in Carbon this week that Paul Schoepel had died in a Calgary hospital. Paul occupied a service station in Carbon a few years ago, prior to moving to Calgary to reside.

All women who wish to take first aid classes in Carbon this winter are asked to get in touch with Miss Myrtle Oliphant immediately.

A meeting of the Carbon Curling Club will be held in the Municipal office, Carbon, at 8 p.m. on Friday, November 17.

The canvassing committees for the Carbon branch of the Red Cross Society are making the rounds this week and it is to be hoped that residents of town and district respond generously.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Rouleau and David returned Tuesday from a ten-day visit in the Bowdler district with Mr. and Mrs. C.S. Sanford.

Strawberries In Victoria



While chilly blasts and leaf-shedding trees mark the approach of winter in Eastern Canada, horticultural-minded British Columbians on the west coast are picking fine, fat, full-flavored strawberries from their beds. This picture taken recently in the garden of Mrs. Rudolph Olsen, Victoria, shows Miss Muriel Lawrence with some of the luscious berries the garden has been producing. Golf, tennis, swimming and riding are among the recreational pastimes enjoyed all winter long, and inquiries at Canadian Pacific offices and reservations at the Empress Hotel indicate that Canadians in large numbers are turning to the West Coast evergreen playground for their winter holidays.

POOL STAFF DONATES \$400 TO RED CROSS

The employees of the head office of the Alberta Wheat Pool have pledged themselves to donate \$2,400 within the next year to the Calgary Branch of the Canadian Red Cross. The donation will be made on the basis of an on-per-cent deduction from the salaries of all Pool employees in Calgary. The Calgary employees of this former co-operative grain handling company have taken the lead in showing their loyalty to the Canadian war effort in a tangible way. The decision to make the contribution was unanimous.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT REVIEWED WEEKLY BY MAJOR H.G.L. STRANGE

Mr. Broomhall, in the latest issue of his "Corn Trade News" writes as follows on the wheat situation: "It is a happy augury for the sugar for winter use, based Davidson, director of home economies at the London, Ont. Normal school, gives a few hints on sugarless canning. Fruit canned without sugar may be taken from jars and sprinkled with sugar at the time of eating and is just as good, she says. Or the liquid may be added down into a syrup by the addition of sugar when wanted. To can fruit without sugar you wash fruit and blanch in boiling water, dip into cold water and peel. Pack fruit into hot sterilized jars and then take pure water which has been sterilized by 20 minutes boiling and pour over fruit in jars right up to the top. Screw tops on tight and place jars on rack in boiler of water of same temperature allowing water to come within an inch of top of jars. Boil quarts 20 to 25 minutes. Remove from hot water, make sure tops are tightly secured and invert to prevent leakage. If you have no dark room to store fruit in, wrap each jar in brown paper.

Will keep roads clear

WE WONDER WHY

At the outbreak of the war Canadian funds dropped 15% in the United States, and all imports from that country into Canada were immediately reduced 15%. The reason for this, explained by our business leaders. Actually our goods are worth as much today in trade as they were before the war started two months ago. Canada does not raise cotton, and most of this important article is imported from the United States. The price of this article in the United States will be about 15% and cotton which cost around 8 cents per pound before the war will now cost 6 1/2 cents per pound. However, it only takes about three pounds of cotton to make a pair of overalls, so a price rise of 1 1/2 cents would not be out of the way. This again, however, is not the case. The new invoices from wholesalers show a price increase of 11%, although the goods are manufactured in Canada. We wonder why—don't you.

PERMAN—WOLFE

A quiet wedding was solemnized in the Zion German Baptist church on Thursday, November 9, when Ida, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Wolfe and Mrs. Samuel Perman were united in marriage by Rev. F. Alf. Vernon. All played the wedding march. The bride was dressed in a silver metallic gown and wore a veil. Mrs. Irma Reiser, cousin of the bride, was bridesmaid and wore a blue and white gown. Mr. Walter Ferman supported the groom. A reception for about 75 guests was held in the church dining room and the young couple were presented with many beautiful gifts. For the present the young couple will reside with the bride's parents.

RED CROSS STARTS ITS DRIVE FOR FUNDS TO PROVIDE FOR WAR NEEDS

On Monday, November 13 the Canadian Red Cross Society opened its \$2,500,000 war fund campaign. Alberta's allotment in the campaign is \$150,000. In the northern part of the province Mr. W.J. Dick, of Edmonton, is financial manager, with Capt. McLeod, Mervin, as his assistant. In the south Mr. A. Davison, Calgary, is manager, his assistant being Mr. W.A. Austin, of Didsbury. The Society has already organized for war service as an auxiliary of the C.A.M.A. and is busily engaged through the voluntary workers preparing war supplies already asked for. This advance activity has been made possible through the cash advances guaranteed by the charted banks of Canada, to the extent of \$500,000. Realizing the extent to which army authorities depend upon the Red Cross society for hospitals in the fighting field, surgical and other hospital supplies and comforts for the fighting forces, the members of the fund campaign are confident Alberta citizens everywhere will respond ready and willingly to the campaign slogan, "Give till it hurts."

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Walter Johnson spent the week-end holiday in Calgary with his parents.

Bill Cameron of Carbon came in fifth in the Calgary Herald road race held on Remembrance day. The course was 6 7/10 miles and out of 32 starters 22 finished.

Miss Inez Sobey, who is attending Normal school in Calgary, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H.T. Sobey, and returned to the city Sunday evening.

Miss Elaine Terrance, Francis Poxon and Harold Johnson, who are attending Mr. Royal College in Calgary, spent the week-end at their respective homes in Carbon.

Municipal authorities also are reported to be giving their best efforts to snow clearing problems, as they are anxious to see that normal traffic conditions will be maintained throughout the winter, as far as reasonably possible.

CHEVROLET'S FIRST AGAIN

- First in Beauty.
- First in Driving and Riding Ease.
- First in Performance with Economy.
- First in Modern Features.

TWO SERIES FOR 1940
Special De Luxe and Master 85

GARRETT MOTORS

Phone: 31 S.J. Garrett, Prop. Carbon

C.C.M. HOCKEY AND SKATING EQUIPMENT

C.C.M. "Matched Sets" for men, ...	4.95 to 32.50
C.C.M. "Matched Sets" for Ladies, ...	4.95 to 9.95
C.C.M. Hockey Sticks,35 to 2.50
Shin Guards,95 and 1.35
Hockey Gloves, ...	4.50 and 5.50
HOCKEY PANTS, PUCKS, LACES ETC.	

BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES LTD.

CARBON'S LEADING HARDWARE
AARON KLASSEN, Manager PHONE 3 CARBON, ALTA.

MR. AND MRS. JACOB OHLHAUSER'S GOLDEN WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ohlhauser celebrated their Golden wedding anniversary on November 3 at the home of E.J. Ohlhauser where a supper was served to 50 guests. At 8 p.m. a short program was given by the grandchildren at the Freudenbach Baptist Church.

After the program gifts were presented to Mr. and Mrs. Ohlhauser. Rev. Frederick Alf and Rev. R. Milbrandt, of Calgary, gave short addresses congratulating the couple. Lunch was then served by the grandchildren.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ohlhauser were united in marriage in 1889 in South Dakota. In 1890 they took up farming 6 miles south west of Carbon on the farm which is now operated by E.J. Ohlhauser. In 1925 they retired and took residence in Calgary.

LITTLE ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Ramsay of Craigmiles, on Wednesday, November 8, a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Embree on Thursday, November 9, a daughter.

Mr. W. Smith of the James River district was a Carbon visitor this week and left Wednesday to visit with Mr. and Mrs. H.T. Davidson in the Ghost Pine district.

Cornie Friesen left Wednesday to take over the Lacombe-Stettler run for Red Bus Lines Ltd.

The L.O.E.E. Lady Roberts chapter, cleared around 865 at their dance held last Friday night. Miss Sylvia Atkinson won the Afghan which was raffled off.

Miss Nellie Walker was a Calgary visitor last week.

Mrs. W. Leitch has returned from a two month's visit at her old home in Lansing, Michigan.

Willard Rogers of Calgary was a Carbon visitor last week.

Alice Poxon returned Monday from a short visit in Calgary.

Misses Ruth Deque, Garth Evans and Zona Friesen, of Carbon, were Carbon visitors last week-end.

FRANCIS POXON WINS MT. ROYAL BADMINTON TITLE

Francis Poxon of Carbon won the badminton championship of Mount Royal College recently, defeating Harold Barker, also of Carbon, in the final.

Harvey Barker was the winner last year.

Poxon won the first set 15-7, but Barker was leading 13-11 in the next set. Poxon pulled out to even 13 all, and won the set with a score of 20-18.

Francis Poxon intends to enter for the Calgary City Badminton Championships this season.

EXCUSE ME -
BUT IT'S A
GRAND, TASTY
CHEW!



BIG
BEN

BIG BEN
The PERFECT Chewing Tobacco

Why Canada Fights

Canada has allied herself with Great Britain and France in the fight to crush Hitlerism and all that Hitlerism stands for, in the hope that as an outcome of the conflict peace and security for all nations may be guaranteed for a long time to come.

The foregoing in a general way sums up the average Canadian's reply to the question: "Why are we in this war?"

The reply may seem up to the usual level of a very general way, but it is essential that Canadians understand specifically and remind themselves constantly of the reason for the necessity of crushing Hitlerism and this can best be done by a careful and analytical review of the events of the past six years in Europe and Hitler's record of broken promises.

This has been very ably set forth by the London Times and reprinted in pamphlet form under the title: "The Grammar of Aggression," in calendar form. A summary excerpts of speeches made by Herr Hitler as Chancellor of the German Reich, combined with his various acts of aggression during the period under review constitute an indictment so clear that one can readily understand why war was inevitable.

Submitted in brief form the following extracts from Hitler's speeches and his contrasting actions tell a story which cannot be controverted: Berlin, Feb. 10, 1933.—The first and best point of the Government's programme is that we won't lie and we won't swindle.

Berlin, May 17, 1933.—The German people have no thought of invading any country.

Oct. 14, 1933.—Germany left the League of Nations.

Berlin, Oct. 21, 1933.—There are Germans and Poles in Europe, and they ought to live together in agreement. The Poles cannot think of Europe without the Poles.

Berlin, Nov. 10, 1933.—When has the German people ever broken its word?

The Rights Of Others

Berlin, Jan. 13, 1934.—The assertion that the German Reich plans to coerce the Austrian State is absurd and cannot be substantiated or proved. The assertion of the Austrian Government that from the side of the Reich an attack would be undertaken or planned I must emphatically reject. . . . The German Reich is always ready to hold out a hand for the free will of Austrian Germans. . . . After the Saar question has been settled the German Government is ready to accept not only the letter but the spirit of the Locarno pact.

March 16, 1935.—Germany announced occupation. Berlin, May 21, 1935.—Both we National-Socialists and the Bolsheviks are convinced that there is a gulf between us which can never be bridged. . . . So far as ever this Bolshevism draws Germany into its clutches we are the deadliest and most implacable enemies. . . . Germany neither intends nor wishes to interfere in the internal affairs of Austria, or to annex Austria, or to conclude an Anschluss.

March 7, 1936.—Germany recaptured the Rhineland and denounced Locarno.

Berlin, March 7, 1936.—After three years I believe that I can regard the struggle for German unity as concluded to-day. I believe, moreover, that thereby the first and foremost reason for our withdrawal from European collective collaboration has ceased to exist. We have no territorial demands to make in Europe. . . .

Nuremberg, Sept. 13, 1936.—We see in Bolshevism a hostile, mad doctrine which is a threat to us. . . . These are two worlds. In Bolshevist Russia there is devastation, grim murder and ruin. Here is laughter, happiness and beauty.

Berlin, Jan. 30, 1937.—The period of so-called surprises is now over. Berlin, Feb. 20, 1938.—The Polish State respects the national conditions in this country, and Danzig and Germany respect Polish rights. This has been possible to find the way to an understanding which, emanating from Danzig, in spite of the assertions of many mischief makers, has succeeded in removing all friction between Germany and Poland, and made it possible to work together in true amity.

The Last Demand

March 11, 1938.—Germany invaded Austria. Berlin, Sept. 20, 1938.—The Sudetenland is the last territorial claim which I have to make in Europe. . . . I emphasize it now, that when this problem is solved Germany has no more territorial problems in Europe. I have further assured him that at the moment when Czechoslovakia has solved its other problems—that is, when the Czechs shall have come to an understanding with their other minorities—I shall not be interested in the Czech State any more, and that, so far as I am concerned, I can guarantee it. Berchtesgaden, Jan. 1, 1939.—In general we have but one wish—that in the coming year we may be able to make our contribution to this general pacification of the whole world.

Berlin, Jan. 20, 1939.—Only the war mongers think there will be a war. I think there will be a long period of peace.

March 15, 1939.—Germany seized Czechoslovakia.

March 21, 1939.—Germany annexed Moravia. Berlin, April 28, 1939.—The Czech nation, with the sum total of its skill and ability, its industry, its diligence, its love of its native soil and of its own national heritage, deserves our respect. . . . That which the best and wisest Czechs have struggled for decades to attain is, as a matter of course, granted to this people in the National-Socialist German Reich—the namely, the right to their own nationality and the right to foster this nationality and to receive it.

Aug. 21, 1939.—Germany signed a pact with Russia.

Sept. 1, 1939.—Germany invaded Poland.

Berlin, Sept. 1, 1939.—I have no war against women and children. I have ordered my air force to restrict itself to attacks on military objectives.

The bombing of Polish open towns began on the first day of the war. Sept. 3, 1939.—The Atlantic was sunk.

FOR COUGHS
Colds, Bronchitis
and
**Mathieu's
Syrup**

Skinning, as a sport, is of fairly recent origin. As a means of transportation it satisfies written history.

Air is 20 degrees cooler inside a Panama hat.

Shopping Is Difficult

Permit Is Required For Purchase Of Clothing In Germany

If you were in Germany-at-war and wanted to buy a pair of socks, don't think you could simply enter a men's furnishing store and buy socks at a price and color suited to your needs.

If you, militarily, felt you needed an extra pair of "undies," don't think the salesman at a dry goods store would serve you without further ado. In either case you would be asked, "Where is your 'heungchen'?" It has become a magic word.

It is a certificate entitling the holder to buy a stated article and sometimes it is hard to persuade a hard-boiled official that one needs new socks or underwear.

All over the country and in every city at numerous places, there are "war economy offices." If the officials can be persuaded of the absolute need of the article in question, he will issue a "heungchen" or authority to buy, which is taken up by the shopkeeper where the purchase is made.

So long as a man can get two pairs of socks his own, he must do some talk explaining before he is given permission to purchase still another pair.

Owners of restaurants are also frequent visitors to the local or district war economy office. They must be able to demonstrate that, despite unusual care, the wear and tear of their services and table clothes has been such that replacement is essential for keeping up the good name of the establishment.

Hospitals are in a preferred class. The authorities realize that in wartime it is more essential than ever that utmost cleanliness prevail. Hence hospitals find no difficulty in obtaining "heungchens" for all the textiles of various kinds they may need.

Will Stay In London

Princess Louise Is Alone In Home With 94 Servants

Alone in her 18-roomed home in Kensington Palace sits Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, eldest living child of Queen Victoria. Although she is now in her 92nd year, she has decided that she will not leave London even if bombs rain on the city.

The Princess remains alone with her old servants, visited only by a few of her closest friends. Her household is administered with the utmost simplicity; many of the rooms have been closed and draped in dust sheets for economy.

Around her are the pictures she has painted, the sculptures she has modelled, the furniture which Queen Victoria chose for her nearly fifty years ago.

There is no array of sandbags and no gummed paper on the windows at Kensington Palace. Dark blue blinds used during the last war have been put up for the blackout.

The "shelter" is a long underground tunnel near the kitchens. The Princess insists on one air-raid precaution—as soon as a warning is given, a member of her household goes out into the road which runs by the Princess' front door and turns off the Palace gas supply.

Secret Treaties

Britain Will Not Enter Into Any Treaty Of This Nature

Britain will enter no secret treaties which might prejudice the chances of a harmonious peace when the war is over, Richard Butler, under-secretary for foreign affairs, indicated in the House of Commons. Commander Oliver Locker-Lampson, independent, asked whether the government would refrain from engaging secret treaties such as those which prevented "fairer understanding after the last war."

Mr. Butler replied: "It is not the intention of His Majesty's government to take any step which in their opinion would prevent the attainment of a satisfactory settlement on the conclusion of hostilities."

Italy entered the first Great War on the side of the Allies in 1915 after the secret treaty of London which promised her a share of any colonial possessions taken from the enemy. Alleged failure to carry out this treaty has been the basis of Fascist propaganda for colonial expansion from France.

More Bibles Sold

The Gladsloe ordered 250,000 new Bibles, the largest number in the forty-year history of the society, for placement in hotels, schools, hospitals and jails. Andrew Wymbeck, a member of the Executive Committee, said the European war had stimulated interest in the Bible.

Deaf and dumb teams recently played a cricket match in Weymouth, England.

Many Animal Refugees

Pedigreed Horses And Dogs Sent To America From Europe

Refugees from the war, pedigreed horses and dogs valued by European shippers at more than \$1,000,000, are finding a haven in North America. Transportation officials at New York said all records for such incoming cargoes have been broken since the war started. Horses and dog lovers have been shipping them to this continent to save the animals from destruction or the breeds from deterioration.

DAINTY APRONS ARE FUN

By Anne Adams



It's fun to try out new recipes if you're a winsome apron to work in. Both of these gay aprons are from the same gay Anne Adams Pattern 4285; both have full, bias skirts and lustrous perfect borders. See how the back waist is cut in a graceful full curve for nice fit. The criss-cross straps are non-slipping. Aren't the pockets unusual? They are in "Dutch-Girl" effect and are roomy! Make the neckline straight or scalloped, and, if you like, add vivid color with straps, back bow and pockets of contrast.

Pattern 4285 is available in size small, medium and large. Small size, view A, shows 2 1/2 yards of 100% rayon fabric and 5 1/2 yards of rayon; view B, 2 1/2 yards of 100% rayon fabric, 1 yard of rayon and 1 1/2 yards of rayon. Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Name, Address and Style Number and send order to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

Rainwater can be used in storage batteries. It is much the same as artificially distilled water.

None of London's buildings exceed 200 feet in height.

RADIO 'A' BATTERIES

For every purse and purpose!

New this year—a battery embodying all the advantages and exclusive characteristics of the "Eveready" A-3600 "Air Cell" 1000-hour battery—yet selling at the low price of \$4.50. This is a medium-sized battery, which is guaranteed to writing for a minimum of 500 playing hours. No recharging. It lives on air—\$4.50.



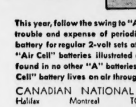
This is the famous "Eveready" "Air Cell" A-3600 battery—a best-seller for several years. It provides the most economical source of "A" power, as it is guaranteed to writing to give for a minimum of 1000 playing hours. Save money and improve reception by buying this "Air Cell" battery now. \$7.50.



There is a limited number of radio sets which have a "Dutch-Girl" effect and are roomy! Make the neckline straight or scalloped, and, if you like, add vivid color with straps, back bow and pockets of contrast.



For the new 14-volt radio sets, the most satisfactory and economical source of "A" power is the new A-1200 "Air Cell" battery—specially designed this year for this purpose. This is a really "Air Cell" battery, developing generous power for sets using the new 14 tubes, and giving efficient service throughout an exceptionally long life. \$2.95.



This year, follow the swing to "Air Cell" batteries and save yourself all the trouble and expense of periodic re-charging. Notice the new "Air Cell" battery for regular 20-volt sets at the low price of \$4.50. Each of the four "Air Cell" batteries illustrated operates on the same exclusive principle, found in no other "A" batteries. No re-charging is necessary—the "Air Cell" battery lives on air throughout its long life. Your dealer sells them. CANADIAN NATIONAL CARBON COMPANY, LIMITED
Halifax Montreal Toronto Winnipeg Vancouver

EVEREADY
TRADE MARK
AIR CELL
RADIO 'A' BATTERIES

Calendars always had wooden pages in Denmark and Sweden during ancient times. Paul Revere made two rides to warn the colonists: On April 16, 1775, and again two days later.

PARA-SAN

HEAVY WAXED PAPER



Do You LIKE GOOD FOOD? Protect the Flavour by wrapping with Para-San HEAVY WAXED PAPER

Order Para-San to-day from your neighborhood merchant.

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS

APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LTD.
WAREHOUSE AT
WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON

Trans-Canada Air Lines Playing Important Part In Dominion Transportation

Trans-Canada Air Lines today took a gigantic step towards the Atlantic. A step that moves its easternmost terminal from Montreal to Toronto. The great facilities in this new section now are complete and from today what are called "familiarization" flights from Montreal to Toronto will be made on a daily schedule. These are for the purpose of testing the route, making pilots acquainted with the terrain, of guarding against mishaps so far as is humanly possible. Mail will be carried in the process of "working in" this section of the continental route, but passengers will not be transported as far as Montreal for probably months.

This development of the Trans-Canada system, and the fact that ground work now is in progress on a "leg" from Toronto-Windsor, where connections will be made with the great United States air lines, make the time opportune for a brief survey of a very notable accomplishment in air transport.

Trans-Canada Air Lines has been carrying passengers only since last May. But before that time, the date there was a long period of preparation. The provision of airports, landing fields, and the necessary weather reports, was a tremendous task. There was the training of pilots, the selection of routes. It is the use of every known aid to safe "chain" flying, but so carefully and thoroughly was the work done, and so painstakingly were the operations on land and in the air, that since the inauguration of scheduled flights there has not been an accident of any consequence.

The actual beginning of aerial operations on the Trans-Canada was on March 1, 1935, when a training service between Winnipeg and Vancouver was inaugurated. Mail service between these points was established the following October. Meanwhile training flights were commenced over the continent. Montreal service, and before the end of the year mail and express was being carried.

March 1 of this year a through service for passengers, mail and express between Montreal and Vancouver was inaugurated. The route, from Toronto, to Edmonton, and on to the coast at Seattle, Washington. The extension to Montreal, and from that point to Halifax is a development not long to be delayed. The Trans-Canada then will have achieved the proud ambition expressed in its name.

The Trans-Canada possesses a fleet of sturdy, dependable aircraft, manned by Canadian pilots experienced in Canadian "bush" conditions and trained in instrument flying, and managed by Canadian pilots. They have the safeguard of a guiding radio beam from Vancouver to Montreal on the branch line, and complete and nation-wide weather service operates for them 24 hours a day, and within the limits of meteorological knowledge they are acquainted with present and probable conditions afloat.

There is a fully equipped airport with adequate runway every 100 miles across Canada, and in addition about 70 emergency landing fields. Incidentally, much valuable preliminary work on these airports was done in the early days of the depression by young men who sought refuge from the economic hurricane in the Government "labor-relief camps."

Thus the physical and human equipment of the Trans-Canada. A realistic picture shows the magnitude of its part in the Canadian transport picture even in so short a period of its existence.

Up to the end of September last, from its inception, the line had carried 16,600 passengers, 702,929 pounds of mail, 40,216 pounds of express. Between September 1, 1937, when preliminary mail service began, and September 30, 1938, Trans-Canada machines had flown 4,301,826 miles, of which 3,121,357 were revenue-producing trips and 1,180,469 were non-revenue and training.

Revenue "passenger miles" reached the prodigious total of 8,380,915, and as 16,600 passengers were carried, this means that each passenger paid his fare for an average of about 500 miles. Trans-Canada pilots to the end of September had run in 27,235 hours in the air, 18,448 of them being on revenue business, 7,385 non-revenue and training.

But nothing so dramatically emphasizes the importance of this aerial link in Canada's chain of unity as a study of the time-table.

The run from Montreal to Montreal is being done in two hours and

20 minutes—the train takes exactly 30 hours longer. The passenger who leaves Montreal tonight at 9 o'clock is in Ottawa 30 minutes later, in Winnipeg long before daylight breaks over the prairies, arrives in Vancouver at 11:10 to-morrow forenoon. As he sets his watch back three times, that is really 17 hours and 10 minutes elapsed time. On the return journey he leaves Vancouver at 6:15 in the evening, reaches Montreal at 12:15 the next noon. As he moves his watch forward three hours in the journey his elapsed time is 15 hours. Montreal adds two hours and 20 minutes, and from Montreal to Halifax, when that section is opened will be further back an hour. This means that the flight from Halifax to Vancouver will be made in about 30 hours from Vancouver to Halifax by air. Prevailing winds hinder the westbound machines help the eastbound, and explain the difference in the two schedules.

Such is, in brief and sketchy form, an outline of a great national undertaking. The young Canadian has much reason to be proud. Already we take it for granted as an ordinary and accepted feature of life that Trans-Canada is carrying increasing numbers of people use the services which it reduces actually by the use of a few more miles and passengers across the country.

We should not forget, however, that Trans-Canada is a business enterprise, one of the most conspicuous among the great air lines of the world for efficiency and safety. A tribute to the skill and competence of the men who have brought it to its present status.—V. M. K. in Ottawa Journal.

The Mopper Uppers

Would Like Change Made In Etiquette Note Regarding Gray "Some time ago Mrs. Emily Pratt placed her imprimatur on dunking doughnuts on informal occasions. This was followed by a word-chain linkup contest at the World's Fair in New York, the "winna" and champagne and a who had an unfair advantage over the other contestants inasmuch as he was a New York Italian and had been trained in the art of moppering macaroni. Mrs. Pratt should be called into service again to pronounce upon a declaration of the American Bakers' Association that mopping up gravy with a piece of bread should be given the status of a national professional interest in this because they realize more bread would be used if the dainty dinner, it was pointed out, should be brought to it on other side in order to absorb the rich and luscious liquid that was being poured over the bread. It is not being socially authorized, and, of course, the gray rolls of a kind.

There are some incorrigible husbands who give their wives nervous breakdowns in company by spicing their remarks with a dash of moppering from which it cannot escape or backing it up against a Magnolia Line of mad potatoes. But such practices are frowned upon at parties and sometimes in the privacy of home by fastidious wives.

In these days when it is nothing short of criminal to waste good food, something should be done about it. It is encouraging to Mr. Pratt. If the barriers are down on dunking they could surely be modified on mopping.—The Thomson Times-Journal.

U.S. Naval Expansion

Congress To Be Asked To Sanction Large Expenditure For Fight.

The United States Congress will be asked in January to authorize a new \$1,300,000,000 naval expansion program calling for 80 additional battleships and about 2,600 more aeroplanes. The program calls for construction of three aircraft carriers, eight cruisers, 52 destroyers, 32 submarines and 31 auxiliary vessels—a total of 126 new combatant and non-combatant ships.

In addition to the new plans, the authorization would provide for 36 lighter-than-air ships, most of them expected to be blimps.

Women: "Do you like my new hat? Friend: 'How was that?'"

Woman: "I cut down on by husband's lunch and tobacco money."

Forty million flowers were shipped from Cornwall, England, last year.

Four tons is the average weight of an elephant.

Use Of Electricity Increase In The Use Of Power In This Country

Taking too often too much for granted, the magic of electricity in Canada may well be amazed at the persistent and sound increase in the use of electrical power in this country.

In 1922, only 57.3 per cent. of the Canadian mines were electrified; by 1927, this had risen to 78.7 per cent. In 1923, only 61 per cent. of the Canadian manufacturing industries were electrified by 1927 the figure stood at 79.2 per cent. And the total consumption of electrical energy in Canada is little short of prodigious. During the first eight months of 1938 close to 15,600,000,000 kilowatt hours were burned; and the same period this year the consumption had grown to a little more than 16,900,000 kilowatt hours.

A great deal of this is used industrially, of course, but it is estimated that approximately 62 per cent. of Canada's population enjoy the magic of electricity in their homes—everything from preening father's points with a hot point to curling mother's hair with longer from where grandma's toes with a heater to burning baby's breakfast with an electric grid and toaster and percolator!

But, joking aside, the domestic use of electricity is an estimable boon. Compare it with the power to equal one dollar of power of electric lighting in "ye good ole days" it took in the neighborhood of 2,300 candles weighing nearly half a ton and costing perhaps \$202.75. That's something to think about!—Winnipeg Free Press.

Intensive Prospecting

New Gold Boulders May Result From Present Research Information. Dr. Norman B. Kevill, of the staff of the physical department, University of Toronto, said that research work being conducted at the university is being brought it to direct intensive prospecting to certain granite bodies and may result in discovery of new sources of gold. Dr. Kevill, formerly of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Harvard University, said the research work is concerned with the determination of the ages of rocks. He refers to it as the helium radiometric method.

"One of the first jobs of a geologist employed by a mining company is to find the geological ages of the rocks in the mineral area, and to find the age relations of ore minerals associated with them," he said. "Often these are difficult to find, especially where the rocks are contorted or where the country is covered with soil and water."

"By radioactivity and helium determinations in the laboratory on a small hand specimen it is possible to tell the age and this may be of considerable economic value. For example, a gold quartz vein may be found to be of the same age as neighboring granite body. This may direct intensive prospecting to certain granite bodies and may result in the discovery of new sources of gold."

Good Place To Live

St. Mary, Ont., must be a healthy place in which to live, judging from an incident pictured in the Journal-Argo which shows a 22-year-old tailor fitting a suit he was making for another client 90 years of age. These nonagenarians look very fit and are described as being "still quite active," says Barrie Examiner.

Tuberculosis has been found in 57 different parts of bovine animals.

Crochet These To Keep Her Warm



Any little girl will be overjoyed to find this woolly set in her Christmas stocking. The set includes a hat, scarf, mitts, socks, and slippers. The materials needed are wool, yarn, and a crochet hook. The patterns are provided for each item.

There is no other Boush pattern book published

Business As Usual London Firms Move Their Offices To The Country

Everywhere in wartime England the now-hackneyed "business as usual" sign appears, but business is carried on in some unusual places. The situation is as though Toronto concerns moved headquarters to Ottawa or Montreal's big financial houses of St. James street set up their offices in the suburbs.

Panelled drawing rooms of great cupboards resounding to the clatter of typewriters, harnessed on big stoves converted to dining rooms, and old hotels jostled from furniture by jangling telephones are features of the decentralization of British business. Workers accustomed to study of fies in narrow London streets—none have a view of the rolling English countryside while they toil. They suffer the bustle of traffic, the fight for places in crowded lunch rooms, but whether they enjoy it is a matter of conjecture.

"You know the Englishman always likes to grouse," said one country businessman. "Some miss the glamour and other complain of the service but altogether it's rather jolly."

"In my office, the girls are putting on weight. So the food and country air must be good."

In some cases the trek to the country started before war was declared. Businessmen found no scarcity of places to choose from after the outbreak.

"The first week of war, we were asked to rent nearly 3,000 country houses in a large London real estate firm."

Indians Consoled Soil

Pro-Hispanic Cliff Dwellers. Built Check Dams Centuries Ago. The value of sound conservation practices was recognized centuries ago by prehistoric cliff-dwelling Indians in Colorado. It has been asserted that the survey by the National Park Service in Mesa Verde National Park. Hundreds of check dams, built to increase the available amount of tillable land, present visible evidence of their far-sightedness.

Research of the Park Service has developed that the cliff dwellers were dry farmers who had to cope with the problems of the to-day harrow dry farmers of the United States.

Their object in building the small dams in the low draws and washes was to increase good arable land. The run-off of seasonal rains deposited rich earth behind the slim, gradually filling them to the top. Hundreds of small plots of rich soil resulted, each capable of growing a few hills of corn, beans or squash. It was a type of terrace farming still practiced by the modern Hopi Pueblo Indians of Arizona.

The Wrong Place

British Recruit Told Where Not To Display Patriotism. An enthusiastic young recruit went on parade with a tiny Union Jack pinned on his tie. The sergeant-major could not believe his eyes, but he told the young man to keep it off. "Look here, my lad, you try to remember you're in the British army now. We don't want none of yer blinking patriotism here!"

The characters to note in studying trees are: leaves, flowers, fruits, bark, buds, bud arrangement, leaf scars and tree form.

Household Arts by Alice Brooks

Any Making Red Cross Hospital Supplies Should Follow Instructions. The Red Cross urges again the housewives and other women working for the Red Cross make hospital supplies as directed. Otherwise it is waste time and money. Lately there was sent into 510 Sherbourne street, Toronto, a parcel of

Hospital pads but made in the wrong size. The required layers of gauze. Since these pads have to be washed and boiled, they return home with lumpy and uncomfortable mass of matted in the folds of the gauze.

The Red Cross welcomes all services from women's organizations, but deplores any wasteful effort.

During 1937, the Dominion of Canada produced 37 per cent. more pig iron than in the preceding year.

There are approximately two birds to the acre in the United States.

Magnitude Of The Task Of Furnishing Supplies To British Expeditionary Force

Money In The Attic

Many People Have Discarded Articles They Could Turn Into Cash.

The great majority of householders miss a simple opportunity to garner some cash for themselves and at the same time dispose of articles which do not alone clutter up the premises but also keep on deteriorating until they are no longer of any value.

The reference is to the general habit of leaving discarded articles of many kinds to remain in the home instead of disposing of these while they are of some value. In basements, in attics and in store cupboards in thousands of homes in this country there are collections of discarded merchandise that readily could be disposed of to cash had the owners resorted to an inexpensive enterprise, the advertising of such articles in the classified section of a newspaper. A few people have discovered that method of disposing of the unwanted merchandise that involves no comminution in every home but the average householder neglects to dispose of such and thus misses an opportunity to turn waste into money.

It is surprising the magnitude of the task that goes into what is regarded as useless articles. The list includes lamps, stove, baby highchairs, chair, settees, ironing boards, step-ladders, electrical fixtures, clothing of all kinds, sundries and scores of other articles that have served their day in the home environment but have been displaced and discarded. These articles are always sought by the scavenger and the unscrupulous classified advertisement in the daily paper in almost certain to find buyers.

It is truly surprising how few householders have become acquainted with the interesting business that is to be derived by judicious use of the small advertising columns of the newspaper to dispose of goods that have no longer of any use to them. In the rank and file of householders one became familiar with that medium for turning waste into cash. The small ad columns of papers of the most widely patronized of all—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

A Time To Advertise

With Increased Business, Purchasing Power Will Be Greater.

"Whenever business faces a crisis" remarks Canadian Business, published by the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, "the first thing to suffer is the advertising appropriation." Canada is facing a crisis right now but it is not the ordinary kind. It is a writer points out. Business is going to be "infinitely better."

If finance and agriculture will be pressed to capacity, we are told, to fill the needs of those at home and at war. "In the end, there will be no such thing as unemployment. Average purchasing power will have increased, and the average man will be able to spend."

Canadian Business, therefore, advises that 1940 is not the time to stop advertising. "On the contrary, the opportunity is wide open to invest in future sales while the going is good. Therefore, too, that some percentage of excess profits can be devoted to constructive development of business via advertising."

The logic of which is self-evident. With the greatly increased purchasing power of the people, due to the war industries and the demand for war supplies, the appropriations made for advertising should bring particularly good returns. Winnipeg Free Press.

Appeal To Workers

Anyone Making Red Cross Hospital Supplies Should Follow Instructions.

The Red Cross urges again the housewives and other women working for the Red Cross make hospital supplies as directed. Otherwise it is waste time and money. Lately there was sent into 510 Sherbourne street, Toronto, a parcel of

Hospital pads but made in the wrong size. The required layers of gauze. Since these pads have to be washed and boiled, they return home with lumpy and uncomfortable mass of matted in the folds of the gauze.

The Red Cross welcomes all services from women's organizations, but deplores any wasteful effort.

During 1937, the Dominion of Canada produced 37 per cent. more pig iron than in the preceding year.

There are approximately two birds to the acre in the United States.

details as to the magnitude and complexity of the task of keeping the British Expeditionary Force in France supplied with all its needs are given to the world by Reuters dispatches correspondents.

One of the most serious divisions needs 70,000 gallons of petrol daily, he wrote. The supply depot which has to keep in stock a large quantity of oil, more than thirty times which comprise the soldier's diet, as well as the full range of hospital stores—over 100 items from arrowroot to champagne.

Fresh meat is supplied to the troops as often as possible, but this has to be duplicated with 3,000 tons of food is supplied to the troops from the United Kingdom.

One thousand tons of bread and biscuits is baked daily by field bakeries. Fresh vegetables are provided daily through the co-operation of the French government.

A main base camp established at some place considered a thoroughly safe area. Here all commodities of every sort or kind are stored. The base is completely cut off from the world, with depots scattered over a large area.

The formation of the base, however, is not the most difficult problem. This, owing to the danger of explosion, has to be done in a very special way. The base is built on the edge of a fold in the ground.

To prevent any possible bombardment of the base, the army has been set up some hundreds of miles from the other. Each of these depots is a self-contained unit, with its own staff and its own transport.

There are also field depots which are set up in the rear of the army for emergency supplies. These are always placed in such a way that there is no possibility of a "bottleneck" between the depot and the front line. The supplies are transported by the transportation of supplies.

Supplies set out on their journey from the depots are carried in trucks, trains. Each type of train has its own depot.

About 20 tons of food supplies are needed for a corps daily, and it may use as much as 600 tons of ammunition in a day's heavy fighting. The army has to transport this food up by rail in military transport supplied by the Army Service Corps. Each division requires 170 vehicles for this purpose alone.

There are now 7,000 vehicles and 200,000 men in France belonging to the A.S.C.

The R.A.F. has also supplied the army, the only difference being that in their case the supplies are carried from the railroad in R.A.F. lorries.

Repairs are dealt with by the forward light aid detachments if the damage is too great even for these, the damaged article is shipped home and handed over to the ministry of supply.

Similarly, there is no waste in this war. Everything, even junk, is shipped home and either utilized in France or handed over to the ministry of supply. Metals can be melted and even damaged food can be turned into cattle.

The whole of the vast work of maintaining the R.E.F. in the end comes to the shoulders of one man, the quartermaster-general in France. Lieut-General W. G. Liddell.

Has Helped Business

Pittsburgh Newsday All Dressed Up To Sell His Papers.

A novel idea is booming business 100 per cent. for newsdayer Leo Spittel of Pittsburgh. He's dressing for work Downtown theatre and late supper crowds now get their favorite newspaper from a smiling, curly-haired young man, replete in the most expensive of the latest style and highly polished shoes. Spittel offers his wares in a softly modulated voice.

Pilgrims, or beans, are served at the close of every meal. In most cases the supper crowd now get their favorite newspaper from a smiling, curly-haired young man, replete in the most expensive of the latest style and highly polished shoes. Spittel offers his wares in a softly modulated voice.

Every known star in the firmament of the theatre or a number by which it is identified.

Severe cold during winter months is very essential to many flowers of the low temperate zone.

Only those persons living near the equator are able to see all the star constellations.

A FLASHING SMILE



... teeth kept bright and attractive with the help of WRIGLEY'S GUM.

GET SOME TODAY!

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Russian Aviation Journal published an estimate that the Soviet air force shot down 400 Japanese planes in last summer hostilities in Mongolia.

Foreign Secretary Viscount Halifax announced in the House of Lords the government has decided to offer \$400,000 to aid the 120,000 Polish refugees in Hungary and Roumania.

Submarines of belligerent nations were prohibited from entering Panamanian waters, ports, harbors or anchorages except in cases of emergency, by a government decree.

The ministry of information announced the Royal Air Force film, "The Lion Has Wings," showing the attack on the El Canal by British flyers, is being sent to the Dominions.

Adolph Max, burgomaster of Brussels imprisoned by Germany during the first Great War and who had held office continuously ever since, died, at the age of 70.

The Egyptian government announced an agreement has been reached for sale to Great Britain of 75,000 tons of Egyptian cotton, about one-fifth of the total Egyptian crop.

Dr. F. J. Conboy, acting mayor of Toronto, said he believed at least 25 new factories will be constructed shortly in Ontario in connection with the proposed empire air training scheme in Canada.

The first preliminary estimate of a near record Russian grain harvest of 114,000,000 tons indicated to economic observers the Soviet might export grain to Germany without drawing heavily upon her reserves.

Everything Is Used

Red Cross Aids Workers To Save All Scraps And Pieces

Keep the scraps, is the request of the sewing women at Red Cross headquarters, Toronto. Odd bits of striped flannel left over from the cutting-out of soldiers' pyjamas have been pieced together to make warm pants for evacuated children of Great Britain.

Industrious seamstresses have also taken cuttings from pneumonia jackets of soft blue material and turned them into attractive little helmets for the tots to wear in cold weather.

Lighting does more good than harm. Each year it produces tons of foodstuffs which grow in vegetation when added to the soil.

IS YOUR NOSE RUNNING?

Don't you know that colds, influenza, and other ailments are often caused by a runny nose? If so, you need Mentholum.

Mentholum is a natural product of the mint plant. It is the only nasal spray that is safe for the most delicate of noses. It is the only nasal spray that is safe for the most delicate of noses.

Lightning does more good than harm. Each year it produces tons of foodstuffs which grow in vegetation when added to the soil.

IS YOUR NOSE RUNNING?

Don't you know that colds, influenza, and other ailments are often caused by a runny nose? If so, you need Mentholum.

Mentholum is a natural product of the mint plant. It is the only nasal spray that is safe for the most delicate of noses. It is the only nasal spray that is safe for the most delicate of noses.

Lightning does more good than harm. Each year it produces tons of foodstuffs which grow in vegetation when added to the soil.

IS YOUR NOSE RUNNING?

Don't you know that colds, influenza, and other ailments are often caused by a runny nose? If so, you need Mentholum.

Mentholum is a natural product of the mint plant. It is the only nasal spray that is safe for the most delicate of noses. It is the only nasal spray that is safe for the most delicate of noses.

Lightning does more good than harm. Each year it produces tons of foodstuffs which grow in vegetation when added to the soil.

IS YOUR NOSE RUNNING?

Don't you know that colds, influenza, and other ailments are often caused by a runny nose? If so, you need Mentholum.

Mentholum is a natural product of the mint plant. It is the only nasal spray that is safe for the most delicate of noses. It is the only nasal spray that is safe for the most delicate of noses.

Escaped From Poland

Montreal School Teacher Relates Experiences During Invasion

Still pale and weak from the ordeal, Zofia Chark, Montreal school teacher of Polish descent, was back home after escaping from Poland where she was holidaying at the time of the German invasion.

Miss Chark declared she witnessed the fall of Poland from the day the first bomb was dropped on the City of Lwow until she reached Latvia more than three weeks later.

During her flight, Zofia said, she suffered with hundreds of other refugees from illness and privation. She told of having exchanged four dresses for a small rat of fur.

The young school teacher said she had gone to Poland in July and had planned to start in home September 4, but three days before she was due to leave, while she was at Lwow, the German bombers arrived there.

So that a night from Lwow to Warsaw where she served five days in a military canteen before authorities advised her to leave, and then her capture above a train whose destination was not known.

The train was subjected to bombing the first day of its journey and afterwards only moved at night. There was no food, and the refugees searched fields where sometimes they found potatoes, Zofia said.

German planes overhead were alerted by the whistles. A girl flier had bombed Lwow and had been shot down, and a second plane shot down by the Poles carried a girl and a youth, she said.

"They are all youngsters, about 18 or 19, these Nazi pilots," Zofia informed. "Some of them said they were given 'injections' before they started out, to give them courage."

HOME SERVICE

ERRORS IN SPEECH A SOCIAL HANDICAP

Everyone In The Body Politic Is Held Responsible

Last week a woman referred to even look at the questionnaire offered to those in charge of the Voluntary Registration of Canadian Women.

Why should she be bothered? she asked. "It's not my war; I didn't start it."

She's wrong. She did.

In a democracy each has an equal voice, but the desire of the majority rules. Whether she voted for the Government or not, whether she has exercised the franchise or not, she is a part of the body politic whose voice is Parliament, whose hands are at Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King and his cabinet.

That parliament instructed that administration to declare Canada in a state of war with Germany.

It is her war; she is equally responsible for Canada's participation.—Kamloops Sentinel.

Purchase Lead And Zinc

Expected That Western Mines Will Supply Entire Output To Britain

Two western provinces will supply practically their entire output of lead and zinc to Great Britain for the duration of the war, it was learned.

The lead, it was learned, will come from the Trail, B.C., plant of the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company while the zinc will be supplied by the same company and also by the Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Company, Ltd., mines at Flin Flon, Man.

A Regiment Of Soldiers

Closer Tie Than Friendship Binds The Men Together

Lord Tweedsmuir, speaking at the Black Watch Royal Highland Regiment dinner, Montreal, said:

"A regiment is a wonderful thing. It is a little clan which at any moment may find itself stranded in great seas of pain and death. Its members are bound together by ties which are closer than friendship, and bound not only to each other but to those who have gone before. A regimental tradition is a living thing almost like a personal memory."

Very Old Tree

The electricity tree of central India is one of the oldest growths in the world. It has leaves as full of electricity that you receive a shock if you touch them; and the tree influences magnetic needles 70 feet away.

In 1907, 338,452 inhabitants of Austria-Hungary emigrated to the United States. This was the largest number of people to move from the country to another in a single year.

Northeastern Arizona has a natural bridge formed by a petrified tree.

GET THIS BARGAIN TODAY!

ASPIRIN at less than ONE cent a tablet!

No point now in taking chances with strong drugs... Safest fast pain relief featured by Canadian druggists everywhere.

100 tablets 98¢

No reason now why anyone should take chances of taking dangerous, strong drugs of colds, headaches, rheumatism, neuralgias, ear pains and aches. Get Aspirin, rated by physicians the safest and most reliable of all drugs.

The 100 tablet bottle for 98¢ is a tablet! But remember, get Aspirin. Even used frequently, Aspirin does not harm the heart. Aspirin is made by Bayer's process. The Bayer Co., Ltd.

Be sure it's ASPIRIN!

Note this cross carefully. It is the "Bayer" logo. It is on every Aspirin tablet. It's not on anybody else's. It's on anybody you tell it to.

Argument Is Settled

Everyone In The Body Politic Is Held Responsible

Last week a woman referred to even look at the questionnaire offered to those in charge of the Voluntary Registration of Canadian Women.

Why should she be bothered? she asked. "It's not my war; I didn't start it."

She's wrong. She did.

In a democracy each has an equal voice, but the desire of the majority rules. Whether she voted for the Government or not, whether she has exercised the franchise or not, she is a part of the body politic whose voice is Parliament, whose hands are at Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King and his cabinet.

That parliament instructed that administration to declare Canada in a state of war with Germany.

It is her war; she is equally responsible for Canada's participation.—Kamloops Sentinel.

Purchase Lead And Zinc

Expected That Western Mines Will Supply Entire Output To Britain

Two western provinces will supply practically their entire output of lead and zinc to Great Britain for the duration of the war, it was learned.

The lead, it was learned, will come from the Trail, B.C., plant of the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company while the zinc will be supplied by the same company and also by the Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Company, Ltd., mines at Flin Flon, Man.

A Regiment Of Soldiers

Closer Tie Than Friendship Binds The Men Together

Lord Tweedsmuir, speaking at the Black Watch Royal Highland Regiment dinner, Montreal, said:

"A regiment is a wonderful thing. It is a little clan which at any moment may find itself stranded in great seas of pain and death. Its members are bound together by ties which are closer than friendship, and bound not only to each other but to those who have gone before. A regimental tradition is a living thing almost like a personal memory."

Very Old Tree

The electricity tree of central India is one of the oldest growths in the world. It has leaves as full of electricity that you receive a shock if you touch them; and the tree influences magnetic needles 70 feet away.

In 1907, 338,452 inhabitants of Austria-Hungary emigrated to the United States. This was the largest number of people to move from the country to another in a single year.

Northeastern Arizona has a natural bridge formed by a petrified tree.

Back On The Job

War Correspondent Returns To The Front After 25 Years

Philip Gibbs, once more a war correspondent with a British army in France after 25 years, calls himself a tip Van Winkle.

Winkle who came back to a world he could hardly recognize. Philip Gibbs finds only too many familiar things.

The old place names, rich with tragic and proud memories, are there over this hill the cavalry charged 25 years ago. In this field the German dead lay thick. Everywhere the British Expeditionary Force of 1939 is billeted in the familiar French barns with the traditional maize heaps in the farmyard, and the same sour stench that we had in our nostrils in the old days.—New York Times.

Winter Life Of Bees

Can Be Prolonged If Colonies Properly Prepared In Fall

The average life of a bee during the summer months is approximately six weeks, but in winter their life must be prolonged to at least eight months. To do this requires careful attention to colony strength, food supply and protection in relation to wintering. At one time it was thought that bees could not survive the winter in many parts of Canada unless housed in specially constructed colonies, but now the Dominion Experimental Farms have shown that bees can be safely wintered in colonies of any type anywhere in Canada, provided the colonies are properly prepared during the previous fall.

SELECTED RECIPES

BUTTERSCOTCH PIE

4 tablespoons Benson's or Canada Corn Syrup

1/2 teaspoon salt

1/2 cup milk

1/2 cup butter

1/2 cup brown Brand Corn Syrup

2 egg yolks

1/2 cup vanilla

Mix corn starch and salt to a paste with cold water. Add to milk, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

Put in an iron frying pan, add sugar and salt until brown and bubbly. Add Brown Brand Corn Syrup and blend.

Add caramel mixture to hot corn starch mixture and continue to stir until well mixed.

Put in bowl and beat with egg yolks, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

Put in an iron frying pan, add sugar and salt until brown and bubbly. Add Brown Brand Corn Syrup and blend.

Add caramel mixture to hot corn starch mixture and continue to stir until well mixed.

Put in bowl and beat with egg yolks, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

Put in an iron frying pan, add sugar and salt until brown and bubbly. Add Brown Brand Corn Syrup and blend.

Add caramel mixture to hot corn starch mixture and continue to stir until well mixed.

Put in bowl and beat with egg yolks, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

Put in an iron frying pan, add sugar and salt until brown and bubbly. Add Brown Brand Corn Syrup and blend.

Add caramel mixture to hot corn starch mixture and continue to stir until well mixed.

Put in bowl and beat with egg yolks, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

Put in an iron frying pan, add sugar and salt until brown and bubbly. Add Brown Brand Corn Syrup and blend.

Add caramel mixture to hot corn starch mixture and continue to stir until well mixed.

Put in bowl and beat with egg yolks, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

Put in an iron frying pan, add sugar and salt until brown and bubbly. Add Brown Brand Corn Syrup and blend.

Add caramel mixture to hot corn starch mixture and continue to stir until well mixed.

Put in bowl and beat with egg yolks, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

Put in an iron frying pan, add sugar and salt until brown and bubbly. Add Brown Brand Corn Syrup and blend.

Add caramel mixture to hot corn starch mixture and continue to stir until well mixed.

Put in bowl and beat with egg yolks, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

Put in an iron frying pan, add sugar and salt until brown and bubbly. Add Brown Brand Corn Syrup and blend.

Add caramel mixture to hot corn starch mixture and continue to stir until well mixed.

Put in bowl and beat with egg yolks, stirring until thick. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes, stirring occasionally.

ROYAL GUARDS AGAINST BAKING FAILURES

—BECAUSE IT'S ALWAYS PURE, FULL-STRENGTH

IN THE AIRTIGHT WRAPPER

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

NOVEMBER 19

WARNINGS AND PROMISES

Golden text: As ye would that men should do to you, ye also do to them. Luke 6:41.

Lesson: Matthew 7.

Devotional reading: Matthew 7: 24-27.

Explanations and Comments

A Warning Against Censoriousness, Matthew 7: 3-5. Jesus said that one of Jesus' general statements not meant to be taken without qualifications. He did not mean that we are not to form opinions in regard to others, that we are never to pass judgment upon others. We cannot avoid doing this, and the work of a world cannot be carried on without it.

A Warning Against Not Judging, Matthew 7: 6. Moral criticism there must be. "Judge not," Jesus has said, but it is not for us to keep people under them, judge them correctly, and with them according to their character. Otherwise we shall be led into mistakes.

Do you give what is really good, casting pearls before swine, with the thought that degraded people scorn us even as vicious animals trample upon them when they turn upon the pearls.

Promises in Regard to Prayer, Matthew 7: 7-11. The three counsels Jesus gives are in the Bible for the sake of impressiveness. Ask, seek, knock these words tell the value of earnestness, importunity in prayer.

Dr. J. R. Miller, after declaring that much which is called praying is not worthy the name, is not praying at all, has neither importunity nor intensity in the asking, suddenly questions: "What did you pray for last morning? Do you remember?"

Do you?

Jesus says we are to ask God for his gifts. Why? Because our asking is a sign that we desire what we ask, and that desire opens the door for God's gift.

The Golden Rule, Matthew 7: 12. "Therefore, in view of the fact that God is your Father and treats you as his sons, giving you good gifts according to what you ask him: Therefore do ye yourselves have your Father's Spirit, doing to others as he does to you, giving them the good gifts he asks of you, even as he gives you the good gifts you ask of him."

Prayer, Matthew 7: 12. "Therefore, in view of the fact that God is your Father and treats you as his sons, giving you good gifts according to what you ask him: Therefore do ye yourselves have your Father's Spirit, doing to others as he does to you, giving them the good gifts he asks of you, even as he gives you the good gifts you ask of him."

Excuse Works Both Ways

German Fleet Hit He Was In Same Mood With Bishop

Protested by the feeling that it was his duty, the bishop remonstrated with one of his clergy for attending a local hunt.

"Well, my lord," replied the offender, "I really do not see any more harm in hunting than going to a ball."

"I presume," answered his lordship, "that you refer to having seen my name among those who attended Lady Somerville's ball, but I assure you I was never in the same room as the Germans."

"That my lord, is exactly how I stand—I was never in the same field as the hounds."

Naturalization Applications

Have Increased At Rapid Rate Since Start Of The War

Naturalization certificates are to be granted to German nationals only after special scrutiny of each case by the secretary of state, it was announced.

Since the war naturalization applications have increased from a normal monthly figure of 700 to 850 to more than 2,000 in September and October.

Most applicants are enemy alien refugees in Canada who are in effect refugees and not in sympathy with the government of the German Reich. These persons have expressed a desire to assist the Canadian cause in the war.

Workers in Shanghai, China, complain that wages increase have not kept up with rising living costs.

Gold production in Australia last year was the highest in 20 years.

Friends During Winter

South and Central America present a strange array of bird life in winter. Birds whose summer haunts are entirely different habitats are gathered during the winter in the tropics.

Trains Camouflage Artists

Pioneer of camouflage artists in the last war, the late Solomon J. May, R.C.A., has a fitting successor in his nephew, G. B. Solomon, who is training a large staff of artists in camouflage work in London.

Control THE SPASMS OF

Whooping Cough

BUCKLEY'S

LABOR ENVOY FROM BRITAIN

Will Be No Competition

Britain And France To Coordinate War Purchases In U.S.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Great Britain and France will co-ordinate their war purchases in United States, eliminating competition between them, the British embassy announced.

It is estimated unofficially the allies are ready to place \$10,000,000 in war orders here in the near future.

The embassy said with regard to co-ordination with France: "A later announcement will be made regarding the necessary arrangements to secure close co-ordination of British and French purchases in the United States."

The embassy thus disclosed a policy in direct contrast with the course followed by the two allies at the beginning of the first great war. At that time they had against each other for U.S. war supplies and raw materials and consequently ran up prices.

The British found that, at times they were even competing with the dominions for U.S. supplies.

Appointment of Arthur E. Purvis, prominent Montreal industrialist, as director-general of British war purchases in Canada, was announced at Ottawa by the British purchasing mission which has been in Ottawa since early September.

There were screams and the hall was filled with dust and an acrid smell. Bodies lay under the debris and there was a great struggle as the injured tried to struggle free and the uninjured tried to find a way out.

A great force of police immediately closed in and the region was closed to traffic.

For several hours Munich was shut off from telephone communication with the rest of the country. Only when the situation was fairly well in hand were communications restored.

There were screams and the hall was filled with dust and an acrid smell. Bodies lay under the debris and there was a great struggle as the injured tried to struggle free and the uninjured tried to find a way out.

There were screams and the hall was filled with dust and an acrid smell. Bodies lay under the debris and there was a great struggle as the injured tried to struggle free and the uninjured tried to find a way out.

There were screams and the hall was filled with dust and an acrid smell. Bodies lay under the debris and there was a great struggle as the injured tried to struggle free and the uninjured tried to find a way out.

There were screams and the hall was filled with dust and an acrid smell. Bodies lay under the debris and there was a great struggle as the injured tried to struggle free and the uninjured tried to find a way out.

There were screams and the hall was filled with dust and an acrid smell. Bodies lay under the debris and there was a great struggle as the injured tried to struggle free and the uninjured tried to find a way out.

There were screams and the hall was filled with dust and an acrid smell. Bodies lay under the debris and there was a great struggle as the injured tried to struggle free and the uninjured tried to find a way out.

There were screams and the hall was filled with dust and an acrid smell. Bodies lay under the debris and there was a great struggle as the injured tried to struggle free and the uninjured tried to find a way out.

BRITISH CONVOY SYSTEM PROVING VERY EFFECTIVE

London.—Nearly 2,500 Allied merchant vessels are voyaging under protection of the British convoy system, according to information from the dominion office. Only eight ships in convoy have been destroyed by enemy action, the office said, pointing to this fact and the reduction of merchant ship losses since the first week of the war as evidence of the system's efficiency.

The best method of protecting maritime trade remains the destruction of attacking enemy forces, the dominion office informant said, remarking that efficiency of the British anti-submarine forces is proven not only by heavy German submarine losses but also by the fact that the German submarines have been forced to cruise increasingly far from the coast since the start of the war. The number of submarines inflicting serious damage has thus been greatly reduced.

A Hicken rescued 14 men from the steamer Carmanah Coast, which was sunk in the North Sea. Two crew members were killed and five of those rescued were injured.

The French freighter San Jose apparently has escaped a Japanese submarine at a position southeast of Bermuda. Relayed radio advice said that the submarine had "disappeared" after the chase, and it was assumed that the freighter was proceeding unharmed.

Further referring to the part of Komor, Denmark, in Zealand said they saw the German liner New York escorted by three British destroyers and a warship steaming south through the great belt into the Arctic. Apparently returning to Germany from Murmansk, Russia, the 23,377-ton Hamburg-American liner sailed hurriedly from New York Aug. 28. On Oct. 26, the liner was seen off the coast of Greenland, where a member of the crew of the Bremen, said at Oslo that he saw the New York at Murmansk, Russia. The liner's Arctic port, when it was seen, was there.

Stringent Medical Test

40,000 Members of Canadian Active Force To Be Examined

Ottawa.—Stringent medical test faces more than 40,000 members of the Canadian Active Service Force in a screening-out process which will be carried out by Royal Canadian medical department.

The men will be X-rayed for possible chest trouble and each X-ray plate will be examined by an expert radiologist and then filed away in department records.

The screening-out process, to be conducted by the Royal Canadian Medical Corps, also will involve special tests for chest, nephritis and other kidney diseases. War specialists will examine the men for signs of tuberculosis.

Re-examination was necessary, it was said, because, at the outbreak of the war, the plan of a thorough medical examination in the 21 days permitted under the mobilization scheme.

Offer Being Considered

Defense Department Looking Into Proposal From Hon. Vincent Massey

Ottawa.—An offer from Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, and Mrs. Massey, as trustees of the Canadian Red Cross, to equip and maintain a convalescent hospital for use of the Canadian expatriation force is being considered by the defense department.

Mr. and Mrs. Massey conveyed their offer to the Canadian government and it has since been turned over to the defense department for consideration.

Needs More Space

National Defense Department Will Be Given Extra Office Room

Ottawa.—Demand of the national defense department for expanded office space because of war needs has resulted in new office building on Sparks street, now nearing completion. The department will be given the upper floor of the building, which is being converted into a basement floor will be utilized by the postal department.

Wants Entire Output

London.—Britain is trying to work out an agreement to obtain Brazilian entire output of meat for the duration of the war. The British minister in Rio de Janeiro is negotiating towards that end with representatives of Brazilian export houses.

DUTCH BORDER SHOOTING AFFRAY CAUSES CONCERN

Amsterdam.—A mysterious shooting incident on the Netherlands-German frontier at Venlo in which two persons may have been killed and several abducted into Germany was reported as the Netherlands began precautionary flooding of the border "water line" defenses.

One report of the clash was that two persons were killed. Another authorized version said only one person was injured. Both versions agreed several persons had been spirited across the border into Germany.

The incident heightened nervousness prevailing in this country and neighboring Belgium as a result of more intensive German military activity on the Western Front. Belgian mobilization was raised to 60,000.

The Netherlands government cancelled all military leaves and recalled all men at present on furlough. The government met in an emergency session.

The government, which met under presidency of Premier De Meester, adopted new measures to guard the country against any sudden coup.

The government promised to issue the following statement in connection with the military leave: "The government deems it inadvisable at the present time to make too much the defense forces. As a result periodic leaves cannot be granted for some time. Those who have gone on furlough, including those who departed just recently, will have to report at their respective places for business purposes will be maintained."

A wide area was flooded through Utrecht province and another reaching eastward between the Maas and Waal rivers, the Netherlands' first line of defense.

Authorized persons said only that "several persons" were involved in the border incident and that "one person was hurt and others taken over the German frontier." They acknowledged that versions differed so widely it is impossible to say at this moment what really happened.

They said an inquiry is under way. The government instructed the Dutch newspaper not to publish details of the border shooting. The action was considered an added indication of the potential seriousness of the affair.

Witnesses to the clash at the Venlo customs post on the Netherlands southeastern frontier, said the shooting occurred on Netherlands soil after occupants of a German automobile alighted, crossed the frontier on foot and engaged one another in a Netherlands machine gun near the customs barrier.

One of those said to have been killed was believed to be an agent of the Netherlands. The victims and several survivors from this vehicle were reported taken into Germany a few minutes after the shooting.

An attempt also was made to push the Netherlands water defense line the frontier but the barrier blocked its passage.

Venlo, opposite the German munitions center of Eindhoven, near the top of the Maasrict "peninsula," a neck of Netherlands territory which juts between Germany and Belgium.

The process of flooding sections of the Netherlands water defense line will require considerable time.

Official explanation of the extraordinary measures by the Netherlands and Belgium were lacking, but informed sources stressed the two countries believed their neutrality would be respected despite the reported German activities.

Navy And Air Force Pay

Ottawa.—Revision of the scale of pay and allowances for the navy and the air force is still under consideration. Pay schedules are being adjusted to conform to the recent upward revision of the pay and allowances for the military forces.

Would Ban Papers

Toronto.—The Ontario attorney-general's department will ask for an interim injunction restraining the publication of five Toronto periodicals classified as "filthy literature."

Military Hospital Work Started In England

Toronto.—Work has been started at Taplow, Buckinghamshire, on Canada's first military hospital in England. It was announced by the Canadian Red Cross which is financing its construction and equipment. It will be known as "No. 1 Base Hospital."

Under a British committee of the Canadian Red Cross headed by R. H. H. Bennett and Sir Edward Peacock, Canadian-born British banker, plans were approved two weeks ago for the temporary building which will provide a 300-bed hospital, operating rooms and other facilities.

Cost of the fully-equipped structure will be about \$250,000, about one-fifth the estimated cost of a permanent hospital of the same capacity. It will be built on the Cliveden estate of Lord Astor at Taplow, near Reading, England. Red Cross built a military hospital during the Great War. Taplow is about 30 miles west from the centre of London.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

Construction of the base hospital is not related to the offer made by the Canadian Red Cross. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London, of this offer is still under consideration by the Dominion government.

ADOLF HITLER ESCAPES DEATH IN MUNICH HALL

Berlin.—Adolf Hitler escaped death or possibly injury in minutes in an explosion which wrecked the Buergerhaus hall—Munich's famous Nazi shrine—and in which authorities proposed to see the head of "foreign agents."

"Clues indicate that the plot originated abroad, said a semi-official statement. The clues were not disclosed. Casualties were listed as six dead and more than 40 injured.

The Berlin newspaper Zenoit, Hit Blatt, the first paper to publish the news, openly accused Great Britain.

"There is no doubt that the English secret service has a hand in this affair," it declared, predicting the matter would be clarified "with German 'backlog' and enemies of the state destroyed."

The propaganda ministry insisted that so far as was known no distinguished Nazis were among the dead.

The terrific blast brought down the ceiling of the spacious room, killing seven and injuring more than 40 among the old Nazi leaders who had come together to celebrate the famous Putsch of 1923 that failed.

Hitler himself, the cheers of his trusted comrades still ringing in his ears, was safe on an armored train speeding toward Berlin.

The men killed were veterans of Hitler's party who now are the aristocrats of the Nazi movement. Authorities stated none of the distinguished leaders of Nazism was among the dead or injured.

Propaganda Minister Goebbels, Deputy Party Leader Rudolf Hess, Interior Minister Wilhelm Frick, Julius Streicher, Robert Ley and Dr. Goebbels—the only woman who was among Hitler's old battles—had attended the party's anniversary celebration.

But as far as could be learned several hours afterwards, all either had fled with Hitler or departed shortly after he had stepped into his car at the conclusion of his address.

After the confusion subsided authorities said there were clues that the blast had been arranged by "foreign agents."

Great excitement was said to exist in Munich, and extraordinary security measures were ordered throughout the Reich.

No reason for the possibility that foreign agents were responsible was given, but the government at once offered a 500,000-mark, about \$200,000, reward for the persons responsible—one of the largest rewards in European history.

The explosion, apparently came from above the hall—in which Hitler and other old guard Nazis planned the 1923 "beer cellar" putsch.

The Associated Press reached one of the hall administrators by telephone and was told a "terrible charge" of some explosive had been set off either in an upper room or under the floor of the upper room.

Hitler had been out of the room for some minutes, but old followers had lingered to discuss enthusiastically his address in which he had defied Great Britain and boasted that the German people was united as never before.

"Without any preliminary sound or other warning," the beer hall proprietor said, "there came a tremendous explosion which caused the ceiling to fall."

DUKE OF WINDSOR AT THE FRONT



Near the western front in France, Major-General, H.H.H. the Duke of Windsor is pictured (left) on a tour of inspection with the Commander of the British Army, Viscount Gort (right). This picture was passed by the French and British censors before being radioed to New York.

Near the western front in France, Major-General, H.H.H. the Duke of Windsor is pictured (left) on a tour of inspection with the Commander of the British Army, Viscount Gort (right). This picture was passed by the French and British censors before being radioed to New York.

Near the western front in France, Major-General, H.H.H. the Duke of Windsor is pictured (left) on a tour of inspection with the Commander of the British Army, Viscount Gort (right). This picture was passed by the French and British censors before being radioed to New York.

Capture German Vessel

British Warships Seize Freighter On West Coast Of Canada

London.—Another German vessel was captured by British warships. It was learned in London that the 7,000-ton German steamer Ulfenau was seized and taken to Freetown, in the west coast of Africa.

The ministry of economic warfare announced 28 American ships have been detained by the British contraband control organization this far. Of this number, the announcement said, 32 have been released and seven are still undergoing investigation.

New Cluster Of Stars

Look Like Closely Packed Swarm Of

Two astronomical discoveries about the dynamics of the universe were reported to the National Academy of Sciences by Dr. Hubble Shapley, of Harvard Observatory.

One is a hitherto unnoticed distribution of giant fire-cracker stars which indicates a new effect of gravitation. The other is a cluster of 400 galaxies, a collection of stars about the size of the Milky Way, which are apparently travelling together at 12,000 miles a second, in a direction away from the earth.

The group of 400 Milky Ways is 150,000 light-years away from the earth. They looked like a close-packed swarm of flies in a diagram that Dr. Shapley showed. Other clusters of galaxies are known, but this new one appears to be the largest yet discovered. It is the farthest away.

The diameter across the cluster is one million light-years. Their light is slightly red, a phenomenon known as the red shift, which is believed to be evidence that the entire universe is expanding at explosive speed. As the light now reaching earth from these stars started 130,000,000 years ago, Dr. Shapley said it is probable they will have moved 10,000,000 light-years away from the earth during the time it took for their light to arrive here.

Change In Weather

Scientists Give Evidence That Climate Is Becoming Warmer

World-wide evidence that climate is getting warmer was presented to the American Institute of Physics temperature symposium.

The changes may be the start of one of the major changes in climate which the earth has not known since geological time, long before any recorded history.

"Climatologists" said J. H. Kinger, U.S. weather bureau, Washington, have considered historic climate as a rather static thing, with short periods variations of considerable magnitude but without especially significant trends covering long periods.

"However, since the turn of the century there has been a persistent trend to higher temperatures, worldwide in scope, as to suggest that the orthodox conception of stability of climate needs some revision at least."

The geological changes of the past are recorded in rock and sedimentary deposits showing several ice ages, scattered through millions of years. However each ice age was followed by a warm period. All of these changes took apparently thousands of years to swing either up or down the temperature scale.

A British Asset

People Helpful In Any Emergency Because They Keep Calm

Punch prints a picture of a married couple sitting comfortably out of doors on a lawn. The wife is calmly reading a fashion magazine. The husband, a paper formerly held aside, is looking leisurely through binoculars. And underneath is the query by the editor, "Germans dear?"

It is dry humor, of course, says the Detroit Free Press, and consequently an exaggeration, but it is an exaggeration of a reality that could exist, and be made the basis for a joke, only among people emotionally as well as intellectually mature, and very much given to self-control.

If we were to ascribe more of that sort of maturity to these United States, we would gain something very much worth the trouble of it. We would escape a great deal of fear and confusion.

Because they possess so much of it, the British sometimes are a little slow in getting roused, but when they are roused, they are equally slow about quitting until the job they have undertaken is done.

Requisitioned Bacon

All Canadian Shipments To Britain Taken Over By Government

All Canadian bacon arriving in the United Kingdom since the first week of September has been requisitioned by the British ministry of food, the Dominion agriculture department said.

Net returns of this bacon has been lower than the pre-war returns, despite a higher price, owing to increases in cost of ocean freight, marine insurance and exchange.

The department said various prices quoted by the British ministry of food are selling prices to the trade for bacon released by the ministry to aid in the civilian population in the United Kingdom and that they may hear no definite relationship to the actual price being paid for Canadian Bacon.

SCENE FROM THE WESTERN FRONT



This photograph, taken "somewhere in France" and passed by the censor, shows French troops advancing and offering very little in the way of a target for the enemy.

The Style Varies

London People Have Different Ways Of Carrying Gas Masks

The London correspondent of the Ottawa Journal, says:

A subtle psychological study nowadays is how different people carry their gas masks. Probably it is far more reliable and revealing than other palmistry or phrenology. Inidentally in civilian circles it is all ways a "gas-mask", whereas, perhaps, to emphasize the gulf between civility and themselves, service people invariably call it a "respirator".

The civilian has subterfuge carries his gas-mask slung jauntily from one shoulder only. The methodical and slightly jittery citizen wears it round his neck, and hanging in front ready for instant use. The type of somewhat careless business man has it round his neck, but hanging loosely out behind. The type of civilian rarely has a special case for it, unless his wife buys him one. He carries on with the official card-board container.

Bartolical exquisites and maiden aunts do not sling their gas-masks. They carry them demurely in their hands. Moral considerations try to camouflage them as hand-cameras.

The correct etiquette "walking out" couples in the best Cockney circles is for the young man to carry his gas-mask as well as his gun. In this case the two are slung platonically together. In the case of young married couples, father usually takes the baby whilst mamma carries his gas-mask in addition to her own and the baby's.

At London Bridge station a young married couple and their five children, the eldest a girl of no more than five, were just back from the Kent hospitals. The oldest boy, a sun-tanned youngster of about nine, was carrying all the family gas-masks, numbering seven in all.

The Ubiquitous Scot

Thos. Keith Was Governor Of One Of The Holy Cities In The Modern World

At the close of the last century a famous German scholar was permitted by special consent of the Sultan of Turkey to visit the holy cities of Arabia, Mecca and Medina. When, after immense difficulties he reached Medina he found to his amazement that the Governor was a Scotsman, one Thomas Keith.

Thomas had been a sergeant in the Black Watch and had left the regiment in Egypt. I am sorry to say he had been converted to Islam, and then, by the exercise of what I have called disciplined audacity, he was able to fortune that he became the Governor of one of the two holy cities in the Moslem world.

That was a pretty curious fate for a Scotsman and a man of the Black Watch. Lord Tweedmouth.

Prove It Yourself

Here is a new game being played in Britain: Write down your telephone number, double it, add five, multiply by six, and of this year (1939), subtract the year of your birth, subtract the number of M.P.'s (42), and you will find the answer gives you first your telephone number and then your age this year.

Just For Short

Passport official: "What is your name?"

Applicant: "Roybyle."

"Your Christian name?"

"Ermyndrude Angelina Veronica Georgian."

"But what name are you called by?"

"Poppy-weezy."

Chemistry Of The Stars

The chemistry of the stars and sun is almost identical to that of the earth. Curiously enough, scientists discovered helium in the sun before it was found here on earth and it derives its name from that fact.

Takes Some Making

Good Cook Will Not Make Beef Steep In A Hurry

Although it was interesting the other day to read that a man had been lured from suicide by the promise of a beef steak, it was not unreasonable. For a well-cooked beef steak is one of the treasures of life. Any man would be willing to go on living indefinitely with an occasional beef steak in sight. The word "steak" has some vulgarizing connotations. Frequently it is used to describe the wilted discomfort of the man who has carried more than he can carry. Calling a man "a big beef steak" is not nice. But the beef steak is the king of dishes; and many people other than sensible, who find themselves eating light nigroon or roast turkey with gilded gravy at formal banquets have very devoutly that they could with a huge bowl of beef steak.

Incredible as it may seem, there can be bad beef steaks. They are too watery and too remote from the cook. For cooks with depraved imaginations they they can cook a beef steak together in a beefed cow. But show as the cook who is willing to devote two days to the job and we will introduce you to a humanitarian. First, broil the meat. Then dump in a can of tomatoes. Add carrots and onions. Plenty of onions, mind you! Season with pepper, salt and two teaspoons of thyme. Let 'er simmer all day in a covered casserole. Let 'er sit all night in the refrigerator. As the supreme hour approaches on the second day, add peeled potatoes and cook on the top of the stove until the potatoes are done. Serve 'er up in a mammoth bowl in the centre of the table, and let every man Jack pitch in until he is exhausted. Some folks use cabbage and turnips, too, which is perfectly all right. The main thing is to let 'er sit all night in the refrigerator. That helps the sauce of an honest beef steak rot in all directions making every portion equally poetic. Beef steak is a gift robust for breakfast. From 10 o'clock in the morning to away past midnight it is any man's delight. —New York Times.

Praised As A Delicacy

Canadian Turnips Have Found Ready Market In United States

Turnips are not always given a very warm reception when they appear on Canadian tables, states the Brockville Recorder and Times, but in parts of the United States the same turnips are frequently prized as a delicacy. The Chicago market thinks so much of them, indeed, that whereas in 1934 Canadians shipped there only ten carloads of turnips, these grew to 47 carloads in 1938, and Canadian turnips also hit 87 per cent of Boston's requirements.

The western purveyors anticipate all of this business, and have horses that grow over busy bones and yet stands every year.

Germany's glass industry employs 75,000 workers in 1,252 factories and workshops.

Times Have Changed

A special night school for farmers is to be held at Columbus, O. Our memory of the farm, says the Guelph Mercury is that by the time the chores were done at night it was time to start to milk the cows in the morning.

Tree frogs can change their color from blue to a light one within 10 minutes.

The Mauretania will be the largest ship to use the Port of London.

Where Snow Is Novelty

Adelaide, Australia, city dwellers rushed out to Mount Lofty when a snowfall was reported. They were eagerly wrapped drift snow in newspapers. But the brief flurry, first in South Australia in years, soon melted.

The Key To Prosperity

Is Credit Based On Character Reputation And Confidence

A French epigram to the effect that "the more it changes the more it remains the same thing" has particular application to the revived Ham and Eggs proposal now agitating California. Whether it is the "Miracle of Schweizerkuechen" in Bavaria or an anticipated reversal of economic laws in California, it is and remains stamped scrip. This stamp scrip because of a curious history. It is the invention of Silvio Gesell, a French-born German who made a fortune in the Argentine and spent his latter years studying economics in the Alps. He believed a non-chargeable money would solve the world's economic ills. Obviously the way to discourage hoarding money is to attach a penalty to its possession—scrip.

On the surface, the proponents of a tax on idle money have a valid argument in their claim that stamp scrip, because of its tendency to increase the velocity of circulation of the medium of exchange, is a stimulant to business. This, however, is the equivalent of attempting a cure of disease through changing the weather. The story of the velocity of circulation of money is a measure of the state of business and not a cause.

Most business today is conducted without money as such. Credit is the key to prosperity and this is based on intangible elements such as character, reputation, and confidence. Experience has shown that fiscal experiments which ignore such fundamentals destroy the very elements of credit which are necessary for state business and government.—Christian Science Monitor.

According To Dictionary

Zig And Zag Are Described As Two Opposing Angles

The signing plan of convolving ships in wartime fleets' the dictionary definition of "zigzag": "One of a series of . . . angles in a course." And the book goes on to define "zag" as "one of the angles" opposed to "zig", while our good friend "zag" is that at an "angle to a zig." All of which recalls the story of the World War soldier who, in crossing "no man's land," was told to take a zig-zag course. Later, in "highly," he explained his condition as due to the fact that he must have zigged when he should have zagged. Which illustrates the importance of being careful in learning to tell zig from zag.

Restaurant Keepers Sad

War Keeps Many Delicacies From Boasting Famous Eating Places

There's grief in Soho—that Little League of Nations in the heart of London where the gourmet ordinarily can revel in dishes from foreign lands. The war and the blackout play havoc with business. Soho's restaurants are at 75 per cent capacity.

Sadly, the proprietor of one famous eating place reported absence of snails. "Also no frogs," said the restaurateur. For the mail and for the frog, he begins this month but there is no snail, no frog in all Soho. Crested green moorhens. Pheasants. Children in France gather all snail, frog, oh yes. But the ships they have other things to eat more important.

It's the same in a famous Chinese restaurant in Piccadilly. Four hundred cases of soy beans, bamboo shoots, Chinese mushrooms, little delicacies and other Far Eastern delicacies are somewhere in mid-ocean. The ship sailed from Hong Kong three months ago, but no one knows where she is. Imports of tomatoes from Mexico and macaroni, olive oil, salmon and cheese from Italy are delayed.

Where Snow Is Novelty

Adelaide, Australia, city dwellers rushed out to Mount Lofty when a snowfall was reported. They were eagerly wrapped drift snow in newspapers. But the brief flurry, first in South Australia in years, soon melted.

Youth Training Program

Aid Canada's War Effort By Building Up Physical Condition

Labour Minister Mackenzie Bowden announced changes in the Dominion-provincial youth training program to aid Canada's war effort by building up the physical condition and morale of Canadian youth with a wide extension of projects.

These projects will be carried on in more than 400 centres in all provinces which have approved them and include physical training, health, first aid, citizenship and other group activities.

More than 20,000 unemployed young people were enrolled in the projects. It was anticipated the number will be doubled this year. During the last summer, the minister reported, valuable work was done in conserving and developing natural resources in the primary industries of forestry, mining and prospecting. More than 6,000 young men enrolled in these divisions.

Industrial training will concentrate on occupations where there will be an increased demand for skilled workers. The war contract work, particularly in metal working trades. Meantime, training classes for rural young people in wide range of subjects pertaining to agriculture and rural handicraft are proceeding. The youth training program determine in what industrial occupations training should be concentrated, an effort is being made to have a survey in all provinces to be carried out by co-operation of the employment service, employers and organizations. This will seek to ascertain the available supply of labor in skilled occupations essential to the war effort. Workers who will be trained for those jobs where shortage of skilled mechanics may arise.

Millions Of Buttons

Birmingham Firms Have Big Contracts For Army Equipment

Four hundred million buttons of all types and 1,500,000 regimental and divisional badges are two of the items among the war orders placed with about 35 jewelry firms in Birmingham alone.

The industry which is famous for making costly jewelry as well as inexpensive personal ornaments decorated with entwined hearts and true lovers' knots has rapidly adapted its plant to the manufacture of uniform accessories for Britain's fighting men.

The orders for buttons and badges are spread over factories of all sizes from firms with a dozen employees to those with hundreds. Die cutters and tool makers are equally busy providing the equipment for this great change-over.

"For the civilian market the war has caused some firms to devote their entire output to civilian identity discs," said Mr. Hubert Southam, managing director of the Birmingham Jewellers' and Silversmiths' Association, "and in gift jewelry the biggest demand is for articles like brooches and cigarette cases bearing army or air force badges."

"British manufacturers are also supplying equipment required for export to Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa for jewelry and medals for the armed forces." he said, "and in some of the various service units in those countries."

Restaurant Keepers Sad

War Keeps Many Delicacies From Boasting Famous Eating Places

There's grief in Soho—that Little League of Nations in the heart of London where the gourmet ordinarily can revel in dishes from foreign lands. The war and the blackout play havoc with business. Soho's restaurants are at 75 per cent capacity.

Sadly, the proprietor of one famous eating place reported absence of snails. "Also no frogs," said the restaurateur. For the mail and for the frog, he begins this month but there is no snail, no frog in all Soho. Crested green moorhens. Pheasants. Children in France gather all snail, frog, oh yes. But the ships they have other things to eat more important.

It's the same in a famous Chinese restaurant in Piccadilly. Four hundred cases of soy beans, bamboo shoots, Chinese mushrooms, little delicacies and other Far Eastern delicacies are somewhere in mid-ocean. The ship sailed from Hong Kong three months ago, but no one knows where she is. Imports of tomatoes from Mexico and macaroni, olive oil, salmon and cheese from Italy are delayed.

Where Snow Is Novelty

Adelaide, Australia, city dwellers rushed out to Mount Lofty when a snowfall was reported. They were eagerly wrapped drift snow in newspapers. But the brief flurry, first in South Australia in years, soon melted.

Memento Of Last War

Earl Haig's Famous "Back To War!" Order Is Recalled

At a moment when the British army is once more facing the German enemy, interest has been rekindled here in one of the most famous mementos of the last war—Earl Haig's famous "back to war!" order.

The autograph draft of the document, order of the day for April 11, 1918, has been acquired by the British museum through a bequest of the late Sir Philip Sassoon.

Headed "to all ranks of the British forces in France," it was issued at one of the most perilous moments in the history of the empire.

It can be seen that Haig penned the five paragraphs, occupying 24 lines, with a vigorous hand that is made three corrections in the text. Having written "in spite of throwing ahead 100 divisions into the battle and suffering," Haig promptly crossed out the last word and wrote "suffering."

In the fourth paragraph he wrote, "many amongst us now are weary," then crossed out the "weary" and substituted "very" and later, in pencil, deleted "very."

Finally, the order originally ended with the words "I am glad the British Empire must win in the end."

This he later crossed out in pencil.

The Rest Cure

Is Very Essential When People Are Exhausted And Irritable

When we rush through the day without pause, the effort of resting we carry the same agitation to bed at night, and are unable to get refreshing sleep. It is a rest that is restless all day cannot be tranquil during sleep.

Close contact with other people is a source of more or less fatigue. When we are already exhausted, often their mere presence gets on our nerves. The effort of resting ourselves to others causes a loss of nervous energy. It is easy to overdo fatigue.

Sometimes a person can go for a long while with less rest and sleep than he needs, but in the end he will finally come, and it may require a long time to repair the damage. Irritability is a sign of over-fatigue; twitching of the eyelids; trembling of the hand when holding some object, are visible protests that nerves need rest.

Physical rest in bed is essential, away from people, the telephone, the newspaper, everything that attracts attention, or stirs the imagination.

Also when the nervous system is fatigued the digestive system is tired. Therefore when one or more of these symptoms are present, a diet of food taken should be greatly reduced. But it requires intelligence and character to rest in a little while and to be content for company.—Health Culture.

The Best Of Friends

Frenchman, German And Pole Live And Work Happily Together

The story of a Polish ship in the Los Angeles Times:

Germans and French and Poles can all live happily together when guided by the ideology of a democracy, no matter how they may hate one another when guided by the ideology of a dictatorship. In the Monterey district, for proof, there is a ranch which has a French cook, a German butler and a Polish chauffeur. The owner of the ranch, visiting here the other day, says they are the best of friends, even though they argue about the war. They exchange quips and when the war began chatted off the kitchen so that each would have his place. Now there has no place to go, but the others will come in and share their place little to little next to the dinner table. They realize that they are all the same kind of human beings, and it is not clear what makes about of their races imagine they are different.

"You haven't missed church in 11 years. I'd hardly have thought you a religious man."

"I'm not particularly, but it's great to watch one man speak and keep 200 women quiet!"

A St. Louis factory has just completed the largest shoe in this world—the size 22½. It is estimated it would just fit comfortably at a woman 24 feet 8 inches tall and weighing 13,750 pounds.

Highly prized books made for the early kings and popes were so expensive that they actually cost their weight in gold.

The surface of the human body is approximately 16 square feet.

"I OFFER TO YOU THE HAND OF FRIENDSHIP!"

—From News of the World, London.

SHOULDCIE & MACDONALD
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS
55 Canada Life Building Calgary
MR. H.J. MACDONALD
WILL BE IN CARBON
SATURDAYS
Above the Municipal Office

EFFICIENT DRAYING
AT REASONABLE PRICES
COUNTRY TRIPS
SOFT WATER BARREL AT
25¢ PER BARREL
PHONE
JAS. SMITH

Place your orders now for future delivery of Counter Check Books. We are direct factory representatives. The Carbon Chronicle.

THEATRE

THURS., NOVEMBER 16

Jas. Carney, Pat O'Brien and the Dead End Kids

—BY—

**"ANGELS WITH
FIDELITY FACES"**

THURS. NOV. 23

"MARIE ANTONETTE"

BUY IN CARBON

**FREUDENTHAL
BAPTIST CHURCH**

ZION CHURCH—

10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Worship.
7 p.m.—Worship.

Beginning November 19-21 every night except Saturday. Revival meetings will be held. Rev. O. Fiesel of Trechu will preach.

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

REV. FREDERICK ALF. Pastor

CHRIST CHURCH

(ANGLICAN)

Nov. 15-21st Sunday After Trinity

Evening Service 7:30 p.m.

Sunday School 12:10

Choir Practice every Tuesday, 7 p.m.

A.Y.P.A. Meetings every second and fourth Tuesday.

The Discern at Prayer, weekly war intercession service, every Wednesday at 8 p.m.

REV. S. EVANS, Rector

BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH

REV. R. MILLER, Pastor

11 a.m.—Morning Service.

7:30 p.m.—Evening Service.

CARDON UNITED CHURCH

W. H. McDONNOLD, B.A., B.D.
Minister:

Mrs. A.P. McKibbin, Organist

Carbon, 11:00 a.m. Believer, 3:00 p.m.

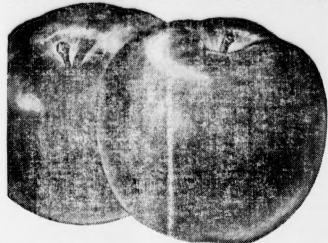
Irricana, 7:30 p.m.

Sunday School 12:10 a.m.



Send or bring in any news items that you may know of. The Chronicle is always glad to get local news items and in many cases these are only available from the people involved.

For EATING and COOKING



NOW is the time to order your supply of these delightful, tree-ripened Canadian apples! They're FRESH from Canada's orchards . . . and they're at their best—they're tastiest—for eating and cooking! Serve Canadian apples often—for the whole family to enjoy—with meals and between meals. They're easy to cook . . . simple to serve . . . and mighty appetizing. Watch everyone ask for more! Order your Canadian apples today . . . buy them by grade—with confidence!

"EXTRA FANCY" Includes sound, hand-picked apples of good shape for the variety, free from insect damage and practically free from disease and minor blemishes. The apples are sized according to variety.

"FANCY" Includes sound, hand-picked apples of fair shape for the variety and practically free from disease and minor injury. The apples are sized according to variety.

Marketing Service

DOMINION DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, OTTAWA

Honourable James G. Gardiner, Minister.

BUY BY GRADE—BUY WITH CONFIDENCE

THE CARBON CHRONICLE

Issued Every Thursday at

CARBON, ALBERTA

Member Alberta Division Canadian

Weekly Newspapers Association

EDOUARD J. ROULEAU,

Editor and Publisher

ECONOMICS OF ADVERTISING

Don't let anybody tell you that advertising adds to the cost of goods. Advertising reduces costs. When goods are advertised, more of them can be sold. The cost of handling a large lot of goods is not much greater than that of handling a small lot. Thus on a large and successful sale, the operating

and overhead costs per article are small. But on a small and unsuccessful sale, the operating and overhead costs are large on each article. The salespeople in a store keep drawing their pay, even if few people are coming in. The rent and other costs keep running on. Advertising provides a greater outflow of goods to divide up these costs.

"Dad, the barometer has fallen."

"Very much?"

"About five feet!"

"Whatever become of that friend of yours who used to have money to burn?"

"He's silent! The fishes."

Vin Ito: "And what will you do, little girl, when you get as big as your mother?"

Little Girl: "Die!"

MUSINGS OF AN ONLOOKER

(Continued from front page)

and caps and saucers. What you and I really want is value or every hour of work that we do. If we get paid in dollars and cents for our work, then we want proper value for each dollar we are paid and we want enough of these dollars to enable us to get the proper value. It should seem reasonable, then, for us to expect our elected representatives to see that we get a dollars value for each dollar we give them in taxation or otherwise. We should want our government to so spend its income that it will result in a benefit to the community that is greater than the amount spent or at least is equal to the amount spent. We may not demand a return of \$1.04 for every \$1.00 paid but we do expect to get a dollar's worth of service or administration or relief, whichever the cause may be.

What we should want is not to have the government do our work for us, or to give us a living on a silver platter, for that can only mean that one part of the community through the elected representatives is supporting the other part of the community or in other words that part of the people are living off the other part. What we want our government to do for us is these things that we can least do through our government and in this way make our task easier, our lives healthier, and our living more pleasant and worth while, and we need these services performed at a cost that is not greater than the return.

We should remember that our government is not God, but merely a group of people acting on the instructions of our representatives. The government can give us nothing unless we pay for it in some way or another but what it can do is provide for a degree of co-operation that would be impossible otherwise. Through our government we can act as one large body instead of hundreds of separate groups.

"What the government should do is—"

What do you think? We as a community should do? How are WE going to pay for it? Is it coming to bring us dividends as a community, or is it merely for the benefit of class or a few?

What do YOU think?

Judge: "Your profession?"

Witness: "Agricultural expert."

"What was your father?"

"A farmer."

"And your grandfather?"

"A peasant."

"You didn't carry out your plans to sleep?"

"No. I found father was planning to move, and I didn't know where he'd find him when we got back."

A little speech and faulty brakes

Will help you through the Pearly Gates.



If you haven't . . .
you are missing something

● Your favourite dealer can get you a variety of Dried or Pickled Canadian Fish, the flavour of which is as tasty and as perfect as though you had caught them yourself and promptly popped them into the pan.

They can be served in various appetizing ways . . . Dried Fish such as Cod, Haddock, Hake, Cusk and Pollack, and Pickled Fish such as Herring, Mackerel and Alewives can be brought to your table as new dishes . . . that the family will like.

Serve Canadian Fish more often. Make "Any Day A Fish Day". Your dealer can secure Dried or Pickled Fish for you no matter how far you live from open water . . . with every bit of its goodness retained for you. And, by the way . . . you'll find it pleasantly economical.

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES,
OTTAWA.

Ladies!

WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLET

Department of Fisheries, 783

Please send me your free 52-page Booklet "100 Tasty Fish Recipes," containing 100 delicious and economical fish recipes.

Name _____

Address _____ CW-19

ANY DAY A FISH DAY

The house agent decided to be quite frank with his latest clients. "Of course," he began, "this house has one or two drawbacks which I feel I must mention. It is bounded on the north by the gasworks, on the south by an indiarubber works, on the east by a vinegar factory, and on the west

there is a glue-making factory." "Good heavens!" gasped the husband. "Fancy showing us such a place. What a neighborhood." "Quite so," replied the agent. "But there are advantages. The rent is cheap any you can always tell which way the wind is blowing!"



ANOTHER QUALITY PRODUCT OF

Calgary Brewing and Malting Co. Ltd.

CALGARY

(Established in 1892)

EDMONTON

Economical Housewives

There was a day when the housewives bought the far-away "bargain" in the belief that it was good business to save a few pennies. But experience taught them a few things. Today's housewives do not buy blindly. They examine the article first and when satisfied with the product they pay a fair price at home. It is economical to make your purchases in CARBON



CANADIAN RED CROSS

CARBON RED CROSS OFFICERS

S.N. WRIGHT, Pres.

B.C. DOWNEY Sec.